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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Attorney Docket No. 32857 First Inventor or Application Identifier Masaki Seike Tille MOBILE COMMUNICATION TERMINAL

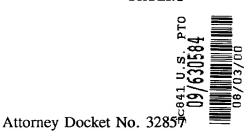
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APPLICATION ELEMENTS See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application conten	Assistant Commissioner for Patents ADDRESS TO: Box Patent Application Washington, DC, 20231
Fee Transmillal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)	5. Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)	6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
2. Specification [Total Pages] 17 (preferred arrangement set forth below)	(if applicable, all necessary)
- Descriptive title of the Invention	a. Computer Readable Copy
 Cross References to Related Applications 	b. Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D	c. Statement verifying identity of above copies
- Reference to Microfiche Appendix	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS
 Background of the Invention Brief Summary of the Invention 	
Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)	7. X Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
- Detailed Description	8. 37 C.F.R.§3.73(b) Statement X Power of (when there is an assignee) X Attorney
- Claim(s)	9. English Translation Document (if applicable)
- Abstract of the Disclosure	10. X Information Disclosure X Copies of IDS
3. Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 6] 10. X Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 X Citations
4. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages] 3] 11. Preliminary Amendment
a, X Newly executed (original or copy)	Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R.	§ 1.63(d)) * Small Entity
D (for continuation/divisional with Box 16 comple	Statement(s) Status still proper and desired
j. <u>DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)</u> Signed statement attached dele	eting Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
inventor(s) named in the prior app	olication, (if foreign priority is claimed)
see 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(2) and	LL ENTITY
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	-in-part (CIP) of prior application No:
Prior application information: Examiner	Group / Art Unit: sclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied in the prior application of the prior application and in barely decreased by
reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a	portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts. PONDENCE ADDRESS
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PATENT

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Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing by other than a small entity is the patent application of:

Inventor:

Masaki Seike and Tetsuya Yamaguchi

For:

MOBILE COMMUNICATION TERMINAL

6 sheets of formal drawings are included.

An assignment of the invention to Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. is included along with a Recordation Form Cover Sheet. Please record and return the assignment to the undersigned.

Priority is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §119 on the basis of the following foreign applications:

Japanese Patent Application No. Hei. 11-222593 Filed August 5, 1999

A certified copy of this application will be forwarded.

An Information Disclosure Statement is enclosed.

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Independent claims in excess of 3:	0 ×	\$78.00	\$0.00
Multiple dependent claims, if any, add surcharge of \$260.00:			\$.00
Non English Specification, add surcharge of \$130.00:			\$.00
		Basic Fee	\$690.00
	TOTAL FI	LING FEE	\$690.00
Assignment Recordal Fee of \$40.00			\$40.00
	TOTA	_ FEE	\$730.00

A check in the amount of the Total Fee calculated above is enclosed.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. §§1.16 and 1.17 which may be required during the entire pendency of this application, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 16-0820, Order No. 32857.

Respectfully,

PEARNE & GORDON LLP

leffrey J. Sopko, Reg. No. 27676

Date: $\frac{8/3}{\infty}$

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MOBILE COMMUNICATION TERMINAL

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a mobile communication terminal such as a mobile telephone, pager, PHS, etc. that can prevent loss of information by storing necessary information when a low voltage operation occurs.

In the conventional mobile communication terminal, personal information such as a telephone directory and saved messages which are seldom updated and frequency information, address information, etc. which are updated many times but loss of which is not permitted are recorded in a nonvolatile storing medium such as a flash ROM, EEPROM, etc. whereas information (information items) such as time information, etc. which are updated many times are recorded in a volatile storing medium such as RAM, etc.

Also, as for the information stored in the volatile storing medium, loss of the information stored in the volatile storing medium such as RAM, etc. due to a low voltage operation is prevented by using a secondary battery, etc.

However, upon managing back-up information in the conventional mobile communication terminal, if the information items, e.g., time information, etc. which are updated many times are recorded in the nonvolatile storing medium such as EEPROM, etc., such nonvolatile storing medium is degraded and in turn the

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lifetime of the mobile communication terminal itself is affected, and thus it is difficult to realize such management. Also, if the update number of times is reduced, the time information, etc. which need a real-time property lose their value. Hence, there is no means except that such information are stored in the volatile storing medium such as RAM, etc.

Also, in order not to lose the information stored in the volatile storing medium such as RAM, etc., the secondary battery is needed. This results in the increase of cost of the mobile communication terminal.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, it is an object of the present invention to provide a mobile communication terminal which can execute back-up information management by storing information items, e.g., time information, etc., which are updated many times, in sequence into a plurality of memory areas of a nonvolatile storing medium so as to prevent the degradation of the nonvolatile storing medium.

Also, it is another object of the present invention to provide a mobile communication terminal that can execute back-up information management by storing necessary information so as to prevent loss of the information when a low voltage operation is caused.

In order to overcome the above problem, a mobile communication terminal of the present invention comprises an information managing portion, and a nonvolatile storing medium

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attached to the information managing portion, wherein the nonvolatile storing medium has a plurality of memory areas for storing same information items.

According to this configuration, when storing of the information items, e.g., the time information, etc., whose access frequency is high are updated by using the nonvolatile storing medium such as EEPROM, etc., the burden imposed on the nonvolatile storing medium can be reduced. Thus, the information items having a high updating frequency, e.g., the time information, etc. can be stored in the nonvolatile storing medium whose lifetime is short and then employed.

Also, the mobile communication terminal of the present invention has a function for attaching numbers indicating updated sequences when the information are stored in the nonvolatile storing medium.

According to this configuration, the information managing portion can decide the updated sequences of the same information items stored over a plurality of areas of the nonvolatile storing medium.

In addition, a mobile communication terminal of the present invention comprises an information managing portion, and a nonvolatile storing medium and a volatile storing medium attached to the information managing portion, and has functions of checking consistency between the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium in an initial state such as

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turning-ON of a power supply, looking up the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium if lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused, and checking normality of the information stored in the volatile storing medium by comparing it with the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium unless lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused.

According to this configuration, it is possible to utilize effectively the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium such as RAM, which has a high possibility to lack the consistency of the information but stores the latest information.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG.1 is a view showing a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.2 is a view showing a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a second embodiment of the present invention:

FIG.3 is a flowchart having algorithm for deciding the latest information from a plurality of areas of a nonvolatile storing medium, in the mobile communication terminal according to the second embodiment of the present invention;

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FIG.4 is a view showing a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.5 is a flowchart having algorithm for checking consistency and normality of information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium in the mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to the third embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.6 is a view showing a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG.7 is a view showing a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

20 Embodiments of the present invention will be explained with reference to FIG.1 to FIG.7 hereinafter.

(First Embodiment)

FIG.1 shows a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a first embodiment of the present

invention.

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In FIG.1, an information managing portion 1 instructs a nonvolatile storing medium 2 of an update or reference address, and then the nonvolatile storing medium 2 executes updating or looking-up of the data in response to this. Here, in the mobile communication terminal for executing the back-up information management of the present invention, upon updating, the information managing portion 1 does not update a single information item in only a single memory area of the nonvolatile storing medium 2 every time but updates information items in a plurality of memory areas sequentially.

For example, in the case that there exists the time information whose data is updated once in three minutes, the writing number of times in one memory area a day becomes 480 number of times when the time information is stored in EEPROM (whose writing area is fixed to one area only) as one of the nonvolatile storing medium. Since it is said that normally the lifetime of EEPROM is one million number of times in writing, the lifetime is assumed as about 2000 days (about six years) based on this fact.

Then, if three writing areas are employed, the writing number of times in one memory area a day becomes 160 number of times. That is, the lifetime becomes about 6000 days (about eighteen years).

In the case that a product which has ten years as the term of of guarantee of the product is to be fabricated, the term of

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guarantee of the product comes up to six years if the EEPROM is utilized by the former means whereas the term of guarantee of the product can be attained if the EEPROM is utilized by the latter means.

Therefore, information items, e.g., time information, etc. which are updated many times can be stored in the nonvolatile storing medium such as EEPROM, etc. by executing the back-up information management as shown in the first embodiment of the present invention. As a result, such information items can be employed not to affect the lifetime of the mobile communication terminal itself, and also a cost of the mobile communication terminal can be reduced.

(Second Embodiment)

FIG.2 shows a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a second embodiment of the present invention.

In FIG.2, the management configuration of the mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to the second embodiment is almost similar to that of the mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to the first embodiment. But there is such a difference that numbers (A to C) indicating loading sequences are stored in a plurality of memory areas (three memory areas Data 1-1 to Data 1-3 herein) belonging to the nonvolatile

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storing medium 2.

FIG. 3 shows a flowchart having algorithm for deciding the latest information by using the numbers (A to C) stored in a plurality of memory areas based on the management configuration shown in FIG. 2. In this case, the numbers (A to C) stored in FIG. 2 are assigned in the ascending order in this example, and then such numbers are corrected to return to an initial value once again when such number reaches a certain value. However, if such numbers are assigned in the descending order, it is possible to render the mobile communication terminal to execute the similar operation.

In the flowchart in FIG.3, first of all, a head number (A is this example) in a plurality of memory areas is assumed as the latest one (process 22). Then, the number in the succeeding area is compared with the latest number (A herein) (process 24). Then, if the number in the succeeding area is larger than the latest number, the number in the succeeding area is assumed as the latest one (process 25). After this process is applied to all objective areas (process 26), it is possible to say the data stored in the area, to which the number being assumed finally as the latest one among them is assigned, as the latest data.

According to this, it is feasible to search the latest information based on the same information stored in a plurality areas of the nonvolatile storing medium. Thus, even when the latest information such as time information, etc. are requested,

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it is possible to respond such request.

(Third Embodiment)

FIG.4 shows a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a third embodiment of the present invention.

In FIG.4, the information managing portion 1 has the nonvolatile storing medium 2 and the volatile storing medium 3 both being attached to the information managing portion 1.

FIG.5 shows a flowchart having algorithm for checking consistency (whether or not the wrong information is stored) and normality (whether or not this information may be employed as new data) of information stored in the volatile storing medium 3.

In process 30 and process 31 in FIG.5, the information managing portion 1 looks up the data stored in the volatile storing medium 3 and the nonvolatile storing medium 2. In this case, the process 31 must select the latest information when plural reference data are stored in the nonvolatile storing medium 2. In the situation at this time (FIG.4), since the data is stored in a single area, there is no necessary to take account of this especially.

In turn, process 32 is carried out to check whether or not the data looked up by the volatile storing medium 3 is not the wrong data. For example, since February is present in the time information but 13-th month is not present, such 13-th month

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is the wrong data. Also, it is checked in the process 32 whether or not the data looked up by the volatile storing medium 3 is the latest information.

If both conditions are satisfied (the looked-up data is not the wrong information and the information in the volatile storing medium 3 is the latest information), the information is compared with the latest information in the nonvolatile storing medium 2. Here, as the comparison with the nonvolatile storing medium 2, for example, in the case of the time information, process 33 is carried out to check whether or not there is not a considerable difference between the latest information in the nonvolatile storing medium 2 and the information in the volatile storing medium 3. (For example, if the information in the nonvolatile storing medium 2 is 10:20 but the information in the volatile storing medium 3 is 19:11, there is a remarkable difference between them. That is, there is high possibility that the information in the volatile storing medium 3 contains any error. On the contrary, if the information in the volatile storing medium 3 is 10:21 in contrast to the information in the nonvolatile storing medium 2, such a possibility is very high that the information in the volatile storing medium 3 has been updated to 10:21.)

If the above conditions are satisfied, the information stored in the volatile storing medium 3 is set as the latest normal information (process 35). In contrast, unless the conditions are

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satisfied in process 32 and process 33, the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium 2 is set as the latest normal information (process 34).

This algorithm makes it possible to check whether or not the information stored in the volatile storing medium 3 coincides with the updated information precisely. Since the information stored in the volatile storing medium 3 is updated frequently rather than the nonvolatile storing medium 2, there is a high possibility that the latest information is stored in the volatile storing medium 3.

It should be noted that terms of ROM and RAM in FIG.5 are used as the normal terms representing the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium respectively.

(Fourth Embodiment)

FIG.6 shows a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention. According to comparison of the configuration in FIG.6 with the configuration in FIG.4, they are different in that a plurality of memory areas for storing the same information items belonging to the nonvolatile storing medium 2 are provided, but remaining portions are identical.

As can be seen from this configuration, FIG.6 shows the configuration obtained by combining the configurations in FIG.1 and FIG.4 together. The loading number of times into the same

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area of the nonvolatile storing medium 2 can be reduced rather than the configuration in FIG.4. Thus, the lifetime of the nonvolatile storing medium 2 can be extended.

(Fifth Embodiment)

FIG.7 shows a management configuration of a mobile communication terminal for executing back-up information management according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention. According to comparison of the configuration in FIG.7 with the configuration in FIG.6, they are different in that numbers are affixed to a plurality of memory areas for storing the same information items belonging to the nonvolatile storing medium 2 to indicate the updated sequences, but remaining portions are identical.

As can be seen from this configuration, FIG.7 shows the configuration obtained by combining the configurations in FIG.2, FIG.3, and FIG.4 together. The information updated at the latest time can be decided by looking up the numbers affixed to a plurality of memory areas belonging to the nonvolatile storing medium 2.

As described above, according to the present invention, the information items such as the time information, etc., which are employed in the mobile communication terminal such as the mobile telephone, PHS, the pager, or the like and whose updating frequency is high, can be loaded in sequence into a plurality of areas of the nonvolatile storing medium such as EEPROM, flash ROM, etc. Therefore, the degradation of the nonvolatile storing

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medium whose lifetime is short can be prevented, and accordingly the term of quality guarantee of the mobile communication terminal can be extended.

In addition, consistency between the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium is checked in the initial state such as turning—ON of the power supply, etc., and then the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium can be referred to if lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused, otherwise the information stored in the volatile storing medium can be compared with the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium unless lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused. Therefore, the information stored in the volatile storing medium that has a high possibility to store the latest information can be utilized effectively.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A mobile communication terminal comprising: an information managing portion; and

a nonvolatile storing medium managed by the information

managing portion, which has a plurality of memory areas for storing

same information items,

wherein said information managing portion stores sequentially the same information items having a high updating frequency in a plurality of memory areas respectively.

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2. A mobile communication terminal as claimed in claim 1, wherein said information managing portion attaches management numbers indicating updated sequences upon storing information having a high updating frequency to the nonvolatile storing medium at a time of updating the information, and then decides the updated sequences of the information having the high updating frequency based on the management numbers when the information managing portion looks up the information in the nonvolatile storing medium.

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3. A mobile communication terminal comprising: an information managing portion; and

a nonvolatile storing medium and a volatile storing medium both managed by the information managing portion;

wherein said information managing portion stores same

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information into the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium, then checks consistency between the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium in an initial state such as turning-ON of a power supply, and then looks up the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium as the information having normality if lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused.

- 4. A mobile communication terminal as claimed in claim 3, wherein said information managing portion checks normality of the information by comparing with the information stored in the nonvolatile storing medium unless lack of the consistency of the information stored in the volatile storing medium is caused.
- 5. A mobile communication terminal as claimed in claim 4, wherein said information managing portion stores same information into the nonvolatile storing medium and the volatile storing medium at different timings.
- 3, wherein said nonvolatile storing medium has a plurality of memory areas for storing same information items, and said information managing portion stores sequentially the same information items having a high updating frequency into a plurality of memory areas of the nonvolatile storing medium.

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7. A mobile communication terminal as claimed in claim 3, wherein said nonvolatile storing medium has a plurality of memory areas for storing same information items, and said information managing portion attaches management numbers indicating updated sequences upon storing information having a high updating frequency to the nonvolatile storing medium at a time of updating the information, and then decides the updated sequences of the information having the high updating frequency based on the management numbers when the information managing portion looks up the information in the nonvolatile storing medium.

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ABSTRACT OF DISCLOSURE

A mobile communication terminal comprises an information managing portion 1, and a nonvolatile storing medium 2 attached to the information managing portion 1, and the nonvolatile storing medium 2 has a plurality of memory areas for storing same information items in sequence. According to this configuration, when storing of the information items, e.g., the time information, etc., whose access frequency is high are updated by using the nonvolatile storing medium, the burden imposed on the nonvolatile storing medium can be reduced by using different areas. Thus, the information items having a high updating frequency, e.g., the time information, etc. can be stored in the nonvolatile storing medium whose lifetime is short and then employed.

FIG. 1

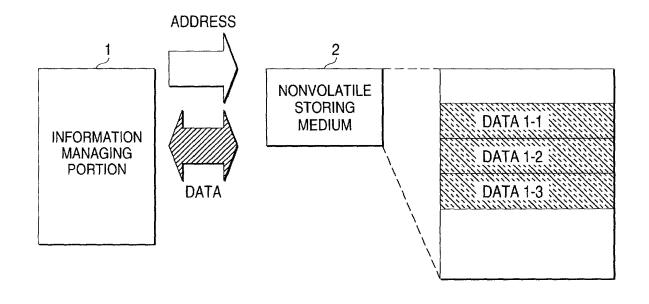


FIG. 2

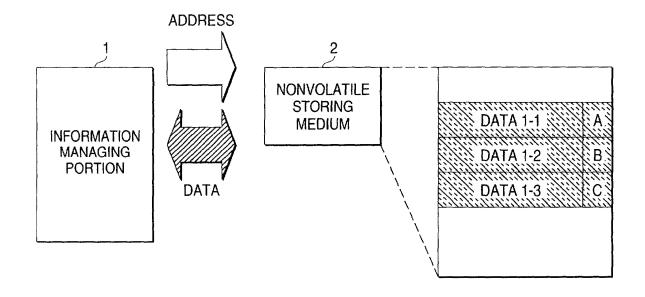


FIG. 3

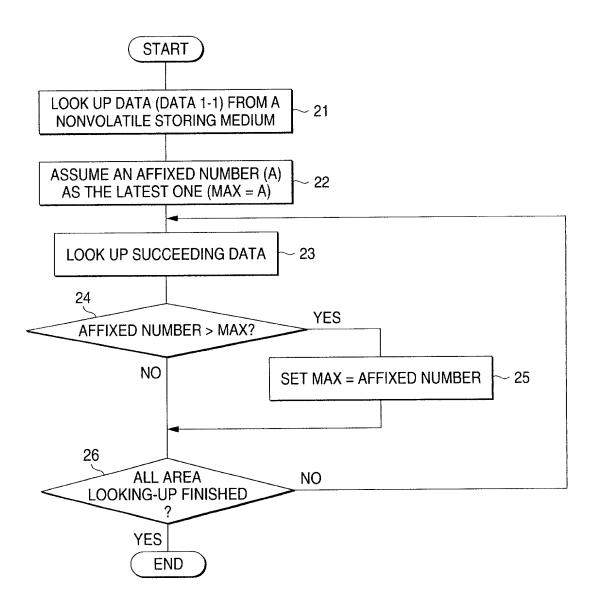


FIG. 4

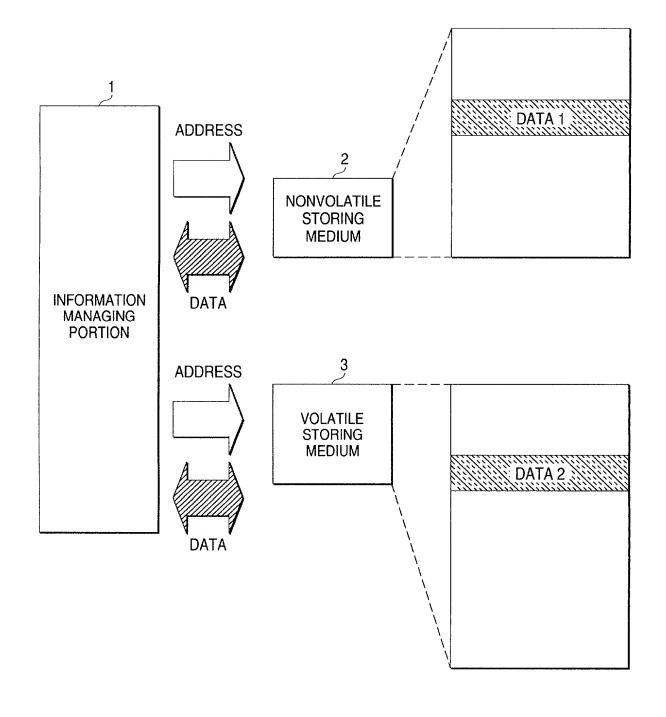


FIG. 5

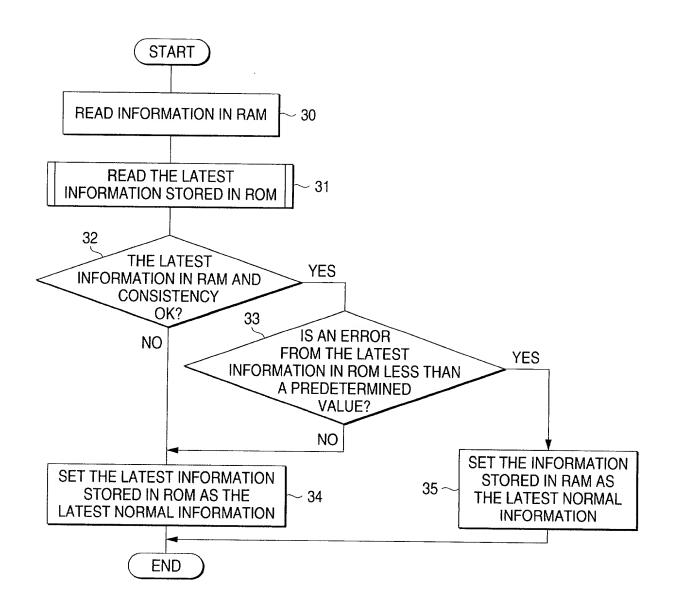


FIG. 6

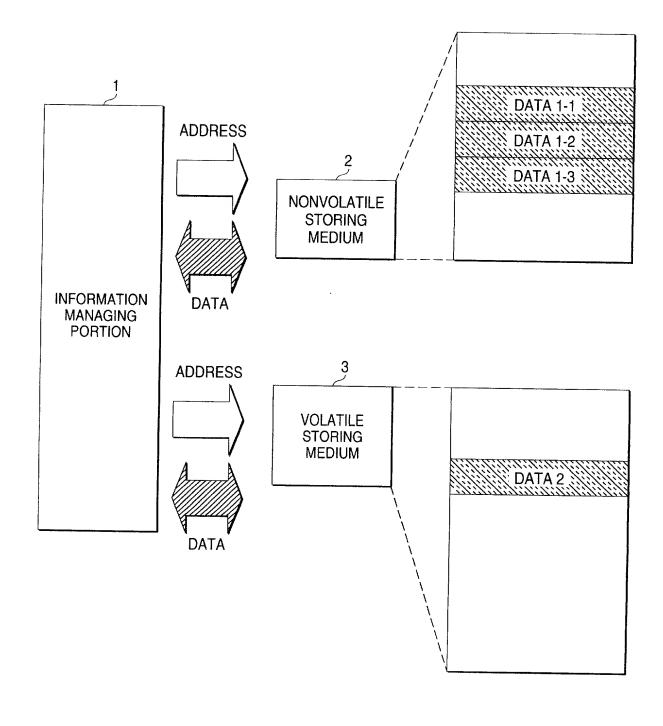
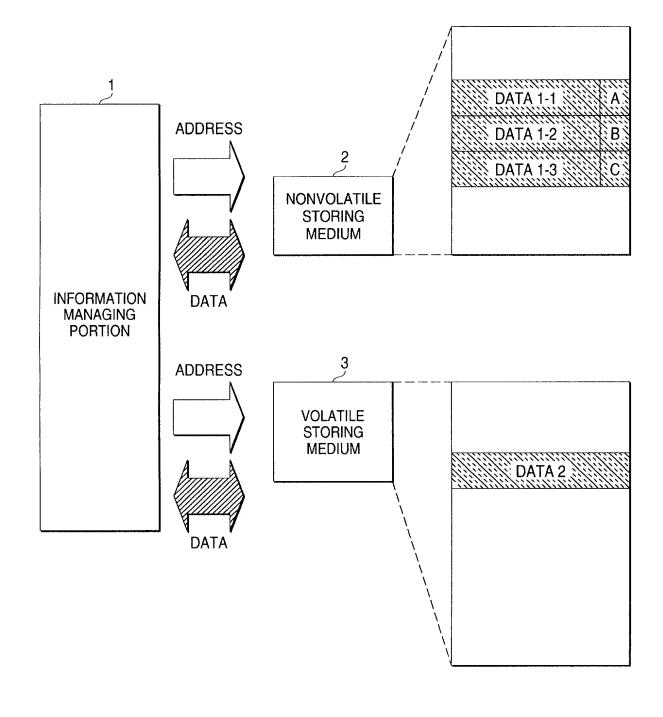


FIG. 7



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY IN ORIGINAL APPLICATION

(Sole or Joint - Foreign)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

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I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

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Japa		P. Hei.	5/August/1999	XX	

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and appoint each of the following as my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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	Date
	Residence:
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	Citizenship:
	Signature
	Date
	Residence: